

Class Summary (Oct 29 Wednesday)

Wednesday October 29- Class Re-Cap

- **Today's date: 2025ねん 10がつ 29にち すいようび** (see page 127 for details)
 - ねん= year
 - がつ= month (#)
 - にち= date (#)
 - すいようび= Wednesday
- Possible questions to ask for today's date:
 - きょうはなんですか。What is the date today?
 - なんにちですか。What day (#) is it?
 - なんがつですか。What month is it?
 - なんようびですか。What day (of the week) is it?
- **New: Past tense Verbs-** see page 110, sec. 4 in textbook for grammar explanation
- We know that:
 - Verb: **present affirmative**= ます and Verb: **present negative**= ません。
- **New:** Just like in present affirmative/negative verbs, we must change the ending of the dictionary form to a new form: *past affirmative*, and *past negative*. These verbs describe things that have been done in the *past*.
 - Example: わたしは きのう にほんごをべんきょうしませんでした。(I did not study Japanese yesterday.)
 - きのう= yesterday
 - べんきょうしませんでした= did not study (in the past; yesterday)
 - いきます (present positive, "I will go") = いきました (past positive, "I went")
 - いきます (present positive, "I will go") = いきませんでした (past negative, "I didn't go")
 - **Past affirmative:** ~ました
 - **Past negative:** ~ませんでした
 - **More examples:**
- **New: ~のとき --> "at the time of...." or "when..."**
 - Requires the use of の in front of the noun.
 - **Sentence format:** [noun] のとき
 - Used to describe something that happened in the past and can be formatted as a question.
 - **With a noun:** Ex: がくせい のとき。(At the time of being a student / when I was a student)
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- **New: Lesson 4 Vocabulary:** page 105
- **Homework:** Fill out negative form for verbs. Challenge yourself to do it for all verbs learned so far!